September 17, 2023

## **Regina Lynn Preciado**

Senior Director of Content Strategy Solutions, Content Rules 9048 Brooks Rd S, Suite 125, Windsor, California 95492

Dear Ms. Preciado,

Thank you for the opportunity to assist Content Rules with creating a single source solution for Tech Company. We have attached our Proof of Concept, which showcases how we can help Tech Company with this transition.

We want to highlight some key features of our Proof of Concept:

- We utilized MadCap Flare to create a single source for Tech Company's content. This will allow Tech Company to easily make changes at the source in MadCap Flare and push out updates instantaneously. Having a single source will ensure that information across all platforms are identical and always up-to-date.
- In addition to a side-panel navigation, we made all online content searchable by adding metadata descriptions and tagging keywords in every topic.
- We created two different PDFs: one for Hardware and one for the Software. Having various outputs will allow customers to choose how they want to consume the content.
- We created DITA-style templates to use for all topics. This will ensure consistency across the content, no matter who is working on each topic. Each template includes detailed descriptions for each section.
- We can easily personalize the content of the PDFs for different customers and/or product versions when necessary due to MadCap Flare.

Our team's Proof of Concept meets and exceeds each goal that Content Rules has for this project.

We appreciate the opportunity to work with your organization.

Sincerely,

Angelia Bates, Jenna Hainlen, Heidi Hernandez, and Morgan Nelson

# **Tech Company**

# Zen4 System Hardware Guide

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Contents			

Chapter 1 Introduction to the Tech Company Servers 4

Tech Company Zen4 System and Architectural Overview	4
Fabric Computing	4
Functional Overview and Features	4
Integrated Computing and Networking	5
Resource Sharing Across a Switch Fabric	5
Switch	6
Network Interfaces	6
Virtual I/O Interfaces	6
Flexible Provisioning	7
Technical Overview	7
Processors, Memory, and Partitioning	8
System Management	9
Storage I/O	9
Internal Storage	9
System Battery/System Time	10
Operational Features	10
Hot-Plug and Controlled Hot Removal Capability	10
High Availability	10
Software Components	10
Typical System Installation	11
Appendix B: Product Support	12
Warranty	12
Verifying Warranty Status	12
Service Features and Levels	12

Index	. 17
Glossary	16
Ordering Replacement Parts or Spares	15
Conditions and Results of Return	14
Steps to Return a Component:	14
Warranty and Service Agreement	13
Return Materials Authorization (RMA) Procedure	13
Contact Customer Support	13
Customers with the appropriate service contract may designate one of the following priority levels for service calls:	
Scalable Service Levels	12

# Chapter 1 Introduction to the Tech Company Servers

This chapter introduces the Tech Company enterprise servers.

# Tech Company Zen4 System and Architectural Overview

The Tech Company Zen4 system integrates highly redundant multiprocessing servers and networking technology in a modular design, which provides efficient use of space and simplifies management tasks. The Zen4 system provides improved data center performance by integrating resources and sharing key components to provide high density processing and Layer 2 network connectivity.

The Zen4 system is architected from the ground up to exploit a tight coupling between the network data plane and the application computing plane. **Another sentence would be added here to fit the short description requirements.** 

Zen4 system's architectural overview reveals its design principles and components, shedding light on its capabilities and efficiency in handling complex computing tasks.

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# **Fabric Computing**

Fabric computing is the logical extension of the existing concept of a VLAN to include servers and services. Zen4 system enables the convergence of the network and application networking environment. Fabric computing is the mechanism for achieving this integration.

Tech Company Systems offers the system administrator the opportunity to unify network and server management. Typically four different devices are used to implement the network, servers, storage, and application services. The Zen4 system unifies these four components into one server. The Tech Company Zen4 system management infrastructure manages VLANs as a transparent extension of a management fabric.

#### **Functional Overview and Features**

The Zen4 system is a fabric server that integrates the following data processing and I/O capabilities:

 Partitionable N-socket symmetric multiprocessing (SMP) with large memory using industry-standard x86-64 microprocessors and Linux® operating systems

- Over 30 Gbps Ethernet network and Fibre Channel I/O bandwidth
- Application services such as server load balancing, and Secure Socket Layer (SSL)

The Zen4 system, built around an innovative terabit-class fabric, uses proprietary virtualization techniques. The servers combine partitionable SMP complexes with high-performance networking and storage interfaces to deliver world-class performance. Volume components (64 bit x86 architecture) and off-the-shelf operating systems provide binary compatibility for existing applications. Zen4 hardware resources combine to provide an enterprise server with the following features:

- Performance for network-intensive applications through the tight coupling of network line cards and processor complexes
- **Scalability** through the modular multi-chassis architecture
- Manageability through the consolidation of server and network resources, simplified provisioning and management, virtualized server capabilities, and location-independent server deployment
- **Resiliency** for enterprise applications through server partitioning and integrated load-balancing
- Interoperability with existing application infrastructure through support of standards like TCP/IP, 1-Gbps/10-Gbps Ethernet, 2-Gbps Fibre Channel, and SNMP

## Integrated Computing and Networking

The Zen4 system can be deployed to deliver enterprise applications and services on demand from resources within a single chassis, across multiple chassis in one location, or over geographically dispersed sites. The Zen4 system is also integrated with an industry standard Ethernet switch fabric to seamlessly integrate state-of-the-art computing resources with high-speed networking and I/O.

# Resource Sharing Across a Switch Fabric

The Zen4 system combines eight-socket partitionable SMP using 64-bit AMD Opteron® processors with 1-Gbps/10-Gbps Ethernet networking, 2-Gbps Fibre Channel storage I/O, and offloaded application or acceleration services. Hardware-based partitioning and virtualization enable pooling and sharing of resources ().

#### Figure 1-1 Multi-chassis Fabric with Resource Sharing

The network and storage I/O can be dynamically allocated across a built-in 80-Gbps switch fabric. Fabric-wide Quality of Service (QoS) ensures application service levels in a shared environment. Multiple Zen4 chassis can be directly coupled and managed as a single pool of resources.

The highly integrated fabric server collapses multiple computing and network infrastructure tiers and enables fabric computing across multiple sites. Policy based, fabric-wide management software allows rapid deployment, provisioning, and scaling of resources from any point on the fabric. The result is a mainframe-class architecture that offers high throughput and high stability for Linux and Windows applications.

#### Switch

The Zen4 system includes a built-in switch. This switch behaves and can be configured just like any state-of-the-art Layer 2 switch. It supports virtual LANs (VLANs) and the set of Layer 2 protocols.

The switch supports physical and logical ports. Logical ports are used to create Layer 2 connections to virtual network interface controllers (VNICs) within the system. Logical ports can also be used to create Layer 3 ports on a VLAN to allow IP routing to and from the VLAN. Logical ports are managed in exactly the same way that physical ports are managed.

Any port on the switch, logical or physical, can be configured to behave as a Layer 2 port. As a result of the IP address assignment, an underlying MAC address will also be assigned, allowing this IP assignment to be addressed and packets to be sent to it. This IP address is generally called a "gateway" IP address.

#### **Network Interfaces**

Network interfaces provide the means for external networks to be connected to the node by providing the interface between the external network and the internal IO fabric. A network interface provides all of the functionality of a typical enterprise switch, including classification, queuing, routing, policing, traffic shaping, etc. Network interfaces are provided currently for Ethernet (1-Gbs and 10-Gbs) and 2-Gbps Fibre Channel.

Ethernet network interfaces are deployed on modules called Ethernet Network Modules (ENMs). The ENMs contain the MACs and PHYs for the particular media, NPUs, traffic managers, support processors, and a fabric interface.

Fibre channel interfaces are deployed on modules called Fibre Channel Modules (FCMs). FCMs contain the MACs and PHYs for the Fibre Channel media, support processors, and a fabric interface.

#### Virtual I/O Interfaces

Tech Company virtual I/O interfaces conform to the following principles:

- A fabric server is built from a partition consisting of a processor and memory complex to which virtual I/O interfaces are added.
- There are three types of virtual I/O interfaces:

- VNICs, which present Ethernet interfaces to the servers within the context of VLANs.
- iSCSI initiators, which offload the iSCSI protocol to hardware within the context of storage VLANs.
- Virtual service interfaces (VSIs), which provide data network connectivity to Application Services Modules (ASMs)
- All virtual I/O interfaces offer independent bandwidth control and three available classes of service (managed as priorities): low, medium, and high.

#### Flexible Provisioning

The Tech Company Zen4 unified fabric management architecture merges the network control plane with server provisioning and management, bringing simplicity, agility, and cost-efficiency to the operation of the servers.

#### **Technical Overview**

The Zen4 system is a collection of resources arranged around a coherency fabric and a network or I/O fabric. Three broad types of resources are attached to the fabrics and linked through an internal switch: processing and memory, I/O modules (Ethernet and Fibre Channel), and off-load or acceleration services. The ZSM monitors and manages these resources. The processors and associated memory are organized as standard SMP servers, allowing flexible combining and partitioning to meet application needs. The Ethernet and Fibre Channel interfaces provide connections to the external network and to storage resources. The Zen4 system includes built-in layer 2 network switching capabilities.

There are multiple operating environments within a Zen4 system, including user operating environments for customer application deployment and internal operating environments for the Zen4 system software. The user operating system (for example,  $SUSE^{TM}$  Linux Enterprise Server 9) runs in a partition to create a server that runs user applications.

Reliability, availability, and serviceability (RAS) are three qualities that represent the collective quality-of-service attributes of network systems. The Zen4 system has a combination of features, hardware design, and software design that maximizes uptime and minimizes downtime. Hardware design features that contribute to high levels of RAS include front access to most components for servicing, redundant cooling and power systems, and redundancy of system control modules and network interfaces. A graphical user interface and command line user interface are available for management of the system resources; in addition, an SNMP agent allows the Zen4 chassis to be integrated into enterprise monitoring systems such as HP OpenView® or IBM Tivoli® for diagnostics, monitoring, and

troubleshooting. The partition boot architecture of the Zen4 system helps minimize downtime arising from disruptive operating system updates.

Server administration and network administration are combined in the Zen4 system; the flexible security model provided by the Zen4 platform allows these functions to be separated in settings where this is preferred. The Zen4 platform provides fine-grained security and role-based access control that defines specific access privileges for different user roles. In addition to the default user roles, you can define other specific roles and access privileges. Within each user role, you can also specify query-only access and query-plus-set access for individual management and administration operations.

## Processors, Memory, and Partitioning

Application processors are deployed on modules called Processor and Memory Modules (PMMs). PMMs support general-purpose computing requirements and are available in two series: PMM-0410s and PMM-0200s.

- PMM-0410s provide processor sockets for up to four AMD Opteron 64bit x86 CPUs with memory. The PMM-0410 also offers a total of 8 Gbps of storage I/O bandwidth using Fibre Channel interfaces.
- PMM-0200s provide CPU sockets for a maximum of two AMD Opteron 64-bit x86 CPUs with memory. Applications can be installed on a PMM-0200 to provide low-latency access by the PMM-0410. Such a configuration can improve performance for certain applications on the PMM-0410 that depend on other applications that can be accessed with low latency.

The application processors and memory are the only resources that attach to the coherency fabric. The processors and memory on a PMM can be organized into standard SMP servers; in a chassis equipped with PMM-0410s, multiple PMM-0410s can be linked through the coherency fabric (backplane) to create instances of SMP servers containing up to eight processor sockets. Smaller partitions of two or four processors can also be configured.

A chassis equipped with two PMM-0410s can support eight system processors (8 cores with single-core processors or 16 cores with dual-core processors), 128 GB of system memory, 30 Gbps allocated between network traffic and storage traffic, and three Application Service Modules (ASMs).

The PMM-0410s and coherency fabric support physical partitioning of the processors and memory. Because each partition is an independent server, multiple independent instances of operating systems can be hosted concurrently. A partition can be created, initialized, started, stopped, reset, or destroyed without affecting the operation of other partitions. Each partition appears as a separate entity for system management.

Physical partitioning is implemented in the hardware and in system software. The hardware ensures that hardware and software faults in one hardware partition cannot propagate to another partition.

For more information about the PMMs, refer to

#### **System Management**

System management is implemented through a combination of management software components and a distributed hardware management subsystem. Through the hardware management subsystem, system components communicate with the ZSM, which manages chassis resources. The hardware management subsystem also allows remote, "lights-out" operation of the Zen4 system. This management capability extends to a system in the standby power state, when it has limited operational capabilities as it waits for instructions. All system messages are directed to the ZSM console and system log (syslog) facility. For more information about the ZSM, refer to

Access to the Zen4 system for management and software installation is through network or serial connections, eliminating the need for keyboard, video, and monitor connectors on the system itself. All necessary software installation can be accomplished through a network connection.

The Zen4 chassis has a front panel display with associated selection buttons. Using the front panel display, you can view system status information and shut down or restart the chassis. A command line interface (CLI), accessible through a direct console port connection or a network connection, provides complete management functions for the system. The Tech Company Z-Visor™ software provides the same management capabilities as the CLI, through a user-friendly graphical interface. Z-Visor software also provides visual alarms and alerts.

For more information about configuring and managing the Zen4 system, refer to the *Zen4 Software Configuration Guide*.

# Storage I/O

The Zen4 system has slots for two installed Fibre Channel Modules (FCMs). One FCM provides access to an aggregate of 16-Gbps Fibre Channel I/O bandwidth through 2-Gbps Fibre Channel interfaces. A system with two installed FCMs, therefore, provides a total of 32 Gbps of Fibre Channel I/O.

In addition, each PMM-0410 has dedicated Fibre Channel ports that are associated only with the server partitions on that PMM.

# Internal Storage

The Zen4 system does not include an internal hard drive for the user operating system (UOS). The Zen4 system provisioning facility allows users to create flexible server configurations that can be revised and reconfigured quickly based on a number of considerations. This flexibility is lost if the user operating system resides on an internal hard drive. An optional directattached external hard drive subsystem is available for supporting traditional boot configurations.

Long-term storage for the management software is provided by an on-board flash disk and a 2.5-inch hard disk on the ZSM. The flash disk is used for

storing system management software, configuration data, and application software. The 2.5-inch hard disk is used for event logging.

# System Battery/System Time

To increase system reliability, the ZSM uses a capacitor, rather than a battery, to maintain the system time when the chassis is not plugged into a power source. The system time can be maintained for approximately 48 hours while the chassis is unplugged.

## Operational Features

This section outlines the operational features of the Zen4 system.

## Hot-Plug and Controlled Hot Removal Capability

All of the modules used in the Zen4 system have circuitry to allow removal and insertion of a module without interrupting system power. This is accomplished by controlling the inrush current and power sequencing on the boards.

# High Availability

- The Zen4 system is designed with redundant subsystems to ensure high availability
  of resources. Four power modules can be connected to two independent power
  feeds. These power modules share the power load during normal operation. If one
  power feed fails, the remaining two power modules can provide sufficient power for
  the system. System operation requires at least two power modules.
- Two fan trays, each with six fans, provide cooling for the chassis. If one tray (or part of a tray) fails, the ZSM increases the speed of the remaining fans to maintain cooling until the faulty fan tray can be replaced. Multiple interfaces are available on the PMM-0410s and ENMs to provide redundancy for storage and network access.

# **Software Components**

This section introduces users to key software components.

Software components of the Zen4 system include the system software image, user operating system, and management software that includes a command line interface (CLI) and the Z-Visor software graphical user interface (GUI). The system software image resides on the ZSM; it manages the chassis hardware resources, including the server partitions. User operating systems are associated with partitions and execute on the processors on the PMM. The command line interface is accessible through a console connection or from a client workstation. Z-Visor software is accessed from a management workstation and manages the Zen4 system through an Ethernet connection to the ZSM.

# Typical System Installation

Figure 1-3 shows a typical installation of the Zen4 system with four server partitions.

Each partition has two Fibre Channel 1/0 connections to a storage area network (SAN) and two virtualized Ethenet connections to the external network. The ZSM has an Ethernet connection and a serial connection to a management network.

Figure 1-3. Logical View of Typical Installation

# **Appendix B: Product Support**

This appendix provides information about product warranties, customer service, returning components, and ordering replacement or spare components.

**Note:** For additional product support information that is not covered in this appendix, visit the Tech Company Customer Support web site or call one of the customer service phone numbers listed in .

# Warranty

Products are covered by a comprehensive warranty. For detailed information about the standard warranty, contact the Tech Company Sales or Customer Support Team.

# Verifying Warranty Status

To verify warranty status, contact Tech Company Customer Warranty Service on the label on the back of the Zen4 chassis.

#### Service Features and Levels

The goal of the Tech Company Customer Support organization is to consistently deliver the quality of service you require in a mission-critical, data center environment. Tech Company is committed to providing around-the-clock customer service, either directly or through our service partners who have been factory-trained and certified by Tech Company Systems.

You can log calls at any time by telephone or email, or through a web interface to our support system. All calls are actively managed to conclusion by a Tech Company Support Engineer. (A service partner may provide the on-site repair services.) Status tracking is available via the web interface to our support system.

#### Scalable Service Levels

Tech Company provides multiple scalable service levels to suit individual customer needs. Some of the service levels include access to an assigned Tech Company Customer Support account engineer. This engineer can help you with installation and upgrade planning and provide progress reviews. An assigned account engineer is the primary point of contact for handling service calls.

Customers with the appropriate service contract may designate one of the following priority levels for service calls:

- Priority 1, highest severity; work starts immediately to resolve the problem.
- Priority 2, medium severity; work starts within 1 hour to resolve the problem.
- Priority 3, lowest severity; work starts within 4 hours to resolve the problem.

# **Contact Customer Support**

For additional information about customer service, visit the Tech Company web site at: http://www.TechCompany.com/support

To contact Customer Support, use the phone number(s) or email address (es) in the table below.

#### Figure 1-1.Contacting Tech Company Customer Support

USA

24-hour 1-800-968-

hotline 6501 Email: support@Tech Company.com

# Return Materials Authorization (RMA) Procedure

# Warranty and Service Agreement

Tech Company systems are covered by a 1-year comprehensive on-site warranty covering parts and labor. Following the warranty period, systems will normally be maintained by Tech Company under the terms of a service agreement covering parts and labor. For customers who wish to maintain their own systems and obtain replacement parts from Tech Company, we offer a parts replacement service which includes this RMA procedure.

Tech Company will, at its option, repair or replace any product or component that fails during the term of the parts replacement service agreement at no cost to you, provided that you contact the Tech Company Support Center to report the failure and that you comply with the Tech Company return policies.

Follow the steps below to request a replacement component for a defective item.

#### Steps to Return a Component:

- 1. Contact the Tech Company Customer Support Center Hotline to request a replacement component. Be prepared to provide the following information:
  - Chassis serial number
  - Serial number of item to be returned
  - Model number of item to be returned
  - Description of problem
  - Return address and phone number

Tech Company will issue an RMA number and ship a replacement component. A replacement product or component will be shipped to you on the first contracted day following confirmation of the failure.

- 2. After the replacement item has been unpacked and installed, use the same packaging materials to pack the defective item for return to Tech Company.
- 3. Make sure that the RMA number is clearly marked on the packaging exterior.

When you receive the replacement, you must return the failed product or component to Tech Company under the RMA number issued by Tech Company. Only packages with RMA numbers written on the outside of the shipping carton and/or the packing slips and shipping paperwork will be accepted by the Tech Company receiving department. All other packages will be rejected.

4. Ship the product back to Tech Company using the carrier designated by Tech Company.

Products returned to Tech Company must be pre-authorized by Tech Company with an RMA number marked on the outside of the package, and sent prepaid, insured, and packaged appropriately for safe shipment using the packaging that the replacement was sent in.

#### Conditions and Results of Return

Title to any returned products or components will transfer to Tech Company upon receipt. Tech Company will be responsible for all freight charges for returned products or components as long as you use the carrier designated by Tech Company. Tech Company may invoice for any failed products or components under the following two conditions:

- You have caused further damage to the product or component.
- The product or component is not returned within 10 days of receipt of the replacement.

# Ordering Replacement Parts or Spares

To order replacement parts or spares, visit the Tech Company Customer Support web site or contact your Tech Company account representative.

# Glossary

A
ASM
Application Service Modules
E
ENM
Ethernet Network Modules
F
FCM
Fibre Channel Modules
P
PMM
Processor and Memory Modules
z
ZSM
Q-Series System Modules

# Index

		A	
aļ	oplication processors 8		
		В	
ba	attery 10		
		C	
Cã	apacitor 10		
	nassis 5, 7-9		
С	LI 9, 11		
C	ontact information 13		
Cl	ustomer service 12-14		
Cl	ustomer support 12, 15		
		E	
El	NM 10		
et	thernet 6, 11		
		F	
fa	bric computing 4		
fa	in tray		
	redundant 10		
F	CM 6,9		
		G	
G	UI 11		

Н hardware management subsystem 9 Ι I/O 4-7, 9 installation 11 iSCSI 7 N network 5-6 partitioning 4-5, 8 physical partitioning 8 PMM 8-9, 11 PMM-0410 10 power redundant 10 processors application 8 product support 12-13 R RAS 7 redundant subsystems 10 replacement 13, 15

return policy 13-14 RMA 13-14 S security model 8 server 6,8 server load balancing 5 servers 4 service levels 12 SMP 4-5, 7 software components 11 spares 15 SSL 5 storage 5, 9 subsystems, redundant 10 T time 10 VLAN 4,6 VNIC 6-7 VSI 7 W warranty 12-13

Z-Visor 9, 11

Zen4 system 4-5

Zen4 System 7

ZSM 7, 9, 11

# **Tech Company**

# **Zen4 Software Configuration Guide**

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Contents			

Chapter 1 Zen4 System and Hardware Overview 4

Tech Company Zen4 System and Architectural Overview	6
Fabric Computing	6
Functional Overview and Features	6
Integrated Computing and Networking	7
Resource Sharing Across a Switch Fabric	7
Switch	8
Network Interfaces	8
Virtual I/O Interfaces	8
Flexible Provisioning	9
Technical Overview	10
Processors, Memory, and Partitioning	10
System Management	11
Storage I/O	12
Internal Storage	12
System Battery/System Time	12
Typical System Installation	13
Zen4 Hardware Overview	14
Processor and Memory Modules	15
Z-Series System Module (ZSM)	15
Ethernet Network Module	15
Fibre Channel Modules	16
Application Service Modules	16
Hot-Plug and Controlled Hot Removal Capability	16
High Availability	16

Virtual I/O Controller (VIOC) and Virtualization Capabilities	17
Virtual Network Interface Controllers	18
Virtual Storage Interfaces	18
Partitioning and Virtualizing Resources	19
Data Flow in the Zen4 System	21
Appendix A: Product Support	22
Warranty	23
Verifying Warranty Status	23
Service Features and Levels	24
Scalable Service Levels	24
Customers with the appropriate service contract may designate one of	of the fol-
lowing priority levels for service calls:	24
Contact Customer Support	25
Return Materials Authorization (RMA) Procedure	26
Warranty and Service Agreement	26
Steps to Return a Component:	26
Conditions and Results of Return	27
Ordering Replacement Parts or Spares	28
Glossary	29
Index	30

# Chapter 1 Zen4 System and Hardware Overview

This chapter introduces the Tech Company Zen4 server and describes its relationship to advanced data center computing. It also gives an overview of important network concepts in the Zen4 system and provides a brief overview of the Zen4 hardware components.

Zen4 Server is a leading tech company specializing in advanced data center computing solutions. Their innovative server technologies optimize data processing, delivering high-performance solutions crucial for today's data-driven industries.

The Zen4 system is renowned for its cutting-edge hardware and storage solutions, with a focus on optimizing data processing and enhancing overall performance in advanced computing environments.

Learning about Zen4 system and hardware enables professionals to harness advanced computing capabilities for enhanced data processing and infrastructure optimization in diverse industries.

- This sentence/short paragraph will feature information on the sections below.
- This chapter includes the following sections (the sections would be named below):
  - \_\_\_\_ • \_\_\_ • \_\_\_

- Zen4 Server powers large-scale cloud platforms, ensuring seamless data handling and scalability for tech giants like Amazon Web Services.
- Research institutions rely on Zen4 Server's cutting-edge hardware to accelerate data-intensive simulations and scientific computations.
- Zen4 Server's solutions enhance the efficiency of financial institutions, enabling realtime trading analysis and secure transactions.
- Zen4 Server's robust infrastructure supports healthcare providers in managing vast patient data securely, advancing medical research and patient care.
- E-commerce companies leverage Zen4 Server's high-performance servers to handle peak shopping seasons, ensuring a smooth online shopping experience for customers.

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The Zen4 system can be deployed to deliver enterprise applications and services on demand from resources within a single chassis, across multiple chassis in one location, or over geographically dispersed sites. The Zen4 system is also integrated with an industry standard Ethernet switch fabric to seamlessly integrate state-of-the-art computing resources with high-speed networking and I/O.

## **Resource Sharing Across a Switch Fabric**

The Zen4 system combines eight-socket partitionable SMP using 64-bit AMD Opteron® processors with 1-Gbps/10-Gbps Ethernet networking, 2-Gbps Fibre Channel storage I/O, and offloaded application or acceleration services. Hardware-based partitioning and virtualization enable pooling and sharing of resources ().

#### Figure 1-1 Multi-chassis Fabric with Resource Sharing

The network and storage I/O can be dynamically allocated across a built-in 80-Gbps switch fabric. Fabric-wide Quality of Service (QoS) ensures application service levels in a shared environment. Multiple Zen4 chassis can be directly coupled and managed as a single pool of resources.

The highly integrated fabric server collapses multiple computing and network infrastructure tiers and enables fabric computing across multiple sites. Policy based, fabric-wide management software allows rapid deployment, provisioning, and scaling of resources from any point on the fabric. The result is a mainframe-class architecture that offers high throughput and high stability for Linux and Windows applications.

#### Switch

The Zen4 system includes a built-in switch. This switch behaves and can be configured just like any state-of-the-art Layer 2 switch. It supports virtual LANs (VLANs) and the set of Layer 2 protocols.

The switch supports physical and logical ports. Logical ports are used to create Layer 2 connections to virtual network interface controllers (VNICs) within the system. Logical ports can also be used to create Layer 3 ports on a VLAN to allow IP routing to and from the VLAN. Logical ports are managed in exactly the same way that physical ports are managed.

Any port on the switch, logical or physical, can be configured to behave as a Layer 2 port. As a result of the IP address assignment, an underlying MAC address will also be assigned, allowing this IP assignment to be addressed and packets to be sent to it. This IP address is generally called a "gateway" IP address.

#### **Network Interfaces**

Network interfaces provide the means for external networks to be connected to the node by providing the interface between the external network and the internal IO fabric. A network interface provides all of the functionality of a typical enterprise switch, including classification, queuing, routing, policing, traffic shaping, etc. Network interfaces are provided currently for Ethernet (1-Gbs and 10-Gbs) and 2-Gbps Fibre Channel.

Ethernet network interfaces are deployed on modules called Ethernet Network Modules (ENMs). The ENMs contain the MACs and PHYs for the particular media, NPUs, traffic managers, support processors, and a fabric interface.

Fibre channel interfaces are deployed on modules called Fibre Channel Modules (FCMs). FCMs contain the MACs and PHYs for the Fibre Channel media, support processors, and a fabric interface.

#### Virtual I/O Interfaces

Tech Company virtual I/O interfaces conform to the following principles:

- A fabric server is built from a partition consisting of a processor and memory complex to which virtual I/O interfaces are added.
- There are three types of virtual I/O interfaces:
  - VNICs, which present Ethernet interfaces to the servers within the context of VLANs.
  - iSCSI initiators, which offload the iSCSI protocol to hardware within the context of storage VLANs.
  - Virtual service interfaces (VSIs), which provide data network connectivity to Application Services Modules (ASMs)

• All virtual I/O interfaces offer independent bandwidth control and three available classes of service (managed as priorities): low, medium, and high.

# **Flexible Provisioning**

The Tech Company Zen4 unified fabric management architecture merges the network control plane with server provisioning and management, bringing simplicity, agility, and cost-efficiency to the operation of the servers.

#### **Technical Overview**

The Zen4 system is a collection of resources arranged around a coherency fabric and a network or I/O fabric. Three broad types of resources are attached to the fabrics and linked through an internal switch: processing and memory, I/O modules (Ethernet and Fibre Channel), and off-load or acceleration services. The ZSM monitors and manages these resources. The processors and associated memory are organized as standard SMP servers, allowing flexible combining and partitioning to meet application needs. The Ethernet and Fibre Channel interfaces provide connections to the external network and to storage resources. The Zen4 system includes built-in layer 2 network switching capabilities.

There are multiple operating environments within a Zen4 system, including user operating environments for customer application deployment and internal operating environments for the Zen4 system software. The user operating system (for example,  $SUSE^{\text{TM}}$  Linux Enterprise Server 9) runs in a partition to create a server that runs user applications.

Reliability, availability, and serviceability (RAS) are three qualities that represent the collective quality-of-service attributes of network systems. The Zen4 system has a combination of features, hardware design, and software design that maximizes uptime and minimizes downtime. Hardware design features that contribute to high levels of RAS include front access to most components for servicing, redundant cooling and power systems, and redundancy of system control modules and network interfaces. A graphical user interface and command line user interface are available for management of the system resources; in addition, an SNMP agent allows the Zen4 chassis to be integrated into enterprise monitoring systems such as HP OpenView<sup>®</sup> or IBM Tivoli<sup>®</sup> for diagnostics, monitoring, and troubleshooting. The partition boot architecture of the Zen4 system helps minimize downtime arising from disruptive operating system updates.

Server administration and network administration are combined in the Zen4 system; the flexible security model provided by the Zen4 platform allows these functions to be separated in settings where this is preferred. The Zen4 platform provides fine-grained security and role-based access control that defines specific access privileges for different user roles. In addition to the default user roles, you can define other specific roles and access privileges. Within each user role, you can also specify query-only access and query-plus-set access for individual management and administration operations.

## Processors, Memory, and Partitioning

Application processors are deployed on modules called Processor and Memory Modules (PMMs). PMMs support general-purpose computing requirements and are available in two series: PMM-0410s and PMM-0200s.

 PMM-0410s provide processor sockets for up to four AMD Opteron 64bit x86 CPUs with memory. The PMM-0410 also offers a total of 8 Gbps of storage I/O bandwidth using Fibre Channel interfaces.  PMM-0200s provide CPU sockets for a maximum of two AMD Opteron 64-bit x86 CPUs with memory. Applications can be installed on a PMM-0200 to provide low-latency access by the PMM-0410. Such a configuration can improve performance for certain applications on the PMM-0410 that depend on other applications that can be accessed with low latency.

The application processors and memory are the only resources that attach to the coherency fabric. The processors and memory on a PMM can be organized into standard SMP servers; in a chassis equipped with PMM-0410s, multiple PMM-0410s can be linked through the coherency fabric (backplane) to create instances of SMP servers containing up to eight processor sockets. Smaller partitions of two or four processors can also be configured.

A chassis equipped with two PMM-0410s can support eight system processors (8 cores with single-core processors or 16 cores with dual-core processors), 128 GB of system memory, 30 Gbps allocated between network traffic and storage traffic, and three Application Service Modules (ASMs).

The PMM-0410s and coherency fabric support physical partitioning of the processors and memory. Because each partition is an independent server, multiple independent instances of operating systems can be hosted concurrently. A partition can be created, initialized, started, stopped, reset, or destroyed without affecting the operation of other partitions. Each partition appears as a separate entity for system management.

Physical partitioning is implemented in the hardware and in system software. The hardware ensures that hardware and software faults in one hardware partition cannot propagate to another partition.

For more information about the PMMs, refer to

#### **System Management**

System management is implemented through a combination of management software components and a distributed hardware management subsystem. Through the hardware management subsystem, system components communicate with the ZSM, which manages chassis resources. The hardware management subsystem also allows remote, "lights-out" operation of the Zen4 system. This management capability extends to a system in the standby power state, when it has limited operational capabilities as it waits for instructions. All system messages are directed to the ZSM console and system log (syslog) facility. For more information about the ZSM, refer to

Access to the Zen4 system for management and software installation is through network or serial connections, eliminating the need for keyboard, video, and monitor connectors on the system itself. All necessary software installation can be accomplished through a network connection.

The Zen4 chassis has a front panel display with associated selection buttons. Using the front panel display, you can view system status

information and shut down or restart the chassis. A command line interface (CLI), accessible through a direct console port connection or a network connection, provides complete management functions for the system. The Tech Company Z-Visor™ software provides the same management capabilities as the CLI, through a user-friendly graphical interface. Z-Visor software also provides visual alarms and alerts.

For more information about configuring and managing the Zen4 system, refer to the *Zen4 Software Configuration Guide*.

#### Storage I/O

The Zen4 system has slots for two installed Fibre Channel Modules (FCMs). One FCM provides access to an aggregate of 16-Gbps Fibre Channel I/O bandwidth through 2-Gbps Fibre Channel interfaces. A system with two installed FCMs, therefore, provides a total of 32 Gbps of Fibre Channel I/O.

In addition, each PMM-0410 has dedicated Fibre Channel ports that are associated only with the server partitions on that PMM.

#### Internal Storage

The Zen4 system does not include an internal hard drive for the user operating system (UOS). The Zen4 system provisioning facility allows users to create flexible server configurations that can be revised and reconfigured quickly based on a number of considerations. This flexibility is lost if the user operating system resides on an internal hard drive. An optional direct-attached external hard drive subsystem is available for supporting traditional boot configurations.

Long-term storage for the management software is provided by an on-board flash disk and a 2.5-inch hard disk on the ZSM. The flash disk is used for storing system management software, configuration data, and application software. The 2.5-inch hard disk is used for event logging.

#### System Battery/System Time

To increase system reliability, the ZSM uses a capacitor, rather than a battery, to maintain the system time when the chassis is not plugged into a power source. The system time can be maintained for approximately 48 hours while the chassis is unplugged.

# **Typical System Installation**

Figure 1-3 shows a typical installation of the Zen4 system with four server partitions.

Each partition has two Fibre Channel 1/0 connections to a storage area network (SAN) and two virtualized Ethernet connections to the external network. The ZSM has an Ethernet connection and a serial connection to a management network.

Figure 1-3. Logical View of Typical Installation

#### Zen4 Hardware Overview

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 These 2-3 sentences will describe partitioning and virtualizing resources in 50 words or less.

This short description sentence will have meta data regarding the article.

The main concept would go here, either in sentence or short paragraph form to introduce the information below.

Here would be where a section element is placed for the below information.

The Zen4 system consists of a 21U rack-mount chassis with the following installed resources:

- Processor and Memory Modules (PMMs) support general-purpose computing requirements and come in two series: PMM-0410s and PMM-0200s.
  - PMM-0410: PMM-0410s provide CPU sockets for up to four AMD Opteron 64-bit x86 CPUs with memory. The PMM-0410 also offers a total of 8 Gbps of storage I/O bandwidth using hard-wired Fibre Channel interfaces. PMM-0410s are installed in Zen4 chassis slots 1 and 2.
  - PMM-0200: PMM-0200s provide CPU sockets for a maximum of two AMD Opteron 64-bit x86 CPUs with memory. The PMM-0200 augments the CPU and memory resources already available through the two PMM-0410s. Each PMM-0200 represents an extra, isolated, two-socket server partition that can host certain proximal distributed application components that might be effectively off-loaded from the PMM-0410s. PMM-0200s are installed in chassis slots 8, 9, or 10.
- **Z-Series System Modules (ZSMs)** that implement provisioning, system management, and fabric management capabilities. The ZSM is installed in chassis slot 4.
- Ethernet Network Modules (ENMs), each providing an aggregate of 10 Gbps of network I/O bandwidth, using either copper or fiber optic interfaces. Up to three ENMs can be installed in chassis slots 5, 6, and 7. (These slots can be used for either ENMs or FCMs.)
- **Fibre Channel Modules (FCMs)** that interface to storage arrays and storage devices, either directly or indirectly through storage area networks (SANs). An FCM can be installed in chassis slot 5, 6, or 7. (These slots can be used for either ENMs or FCMs.)

• **Application Service Modules (ASMs)** that provide acceleration facilities for specialized functions such as load balancing, encryption, and XML processing. Up to three ASMs can be installed in chassis slots 8, 9, and 10.

Multiple chassis can be interconnected to operate in a network fabric where physical resources in one chassis are available as virtualized resources and services anywhere on the fabric.

#### **Processor and Memory Modules**

Zen4 PMMs use AMD Opteron 800 Series processors. Four processors are available on each PMM-0410; two processors are available on each PMM-0200. HyperTransport™ links between the processors in a PMM and between two PMM-0410s allow all eight processors to be configured into a single symmetric multiprocessing (SMP) server. Smaller partitions of two or four processors can also be configured.

#### **Z-Series System Module (ZSM)**

The Z-Series System Module (ZSM) is the heart of the Zen4 system. The ZSM manages manages the resources, monitors the health of all the components, and takes appropriate actions, in case of any failures, to maintain the system stability. The module is designed to be replicated in the Zen4 system so that a failure on one module can instigate a failover to the other module. In general, a failure in any one subsystem on the module that causes that subsystem to failover will cause all subsystems to failover. This allows the failed module to be removed from the system for replacement.

Long-term storage for the management application is provided by an onboard flash disk and a 2.5-inch hard disk. The flash disk is used for OS boot, configuration data, and application software. The 2.5-inch hard disk is used for event logging. Software is responsible for maintaining a valid replica of critical data structures on the flash disk on the standby ZSM so that it is prepared to take over in the event of a failure. The storage devices on the ZSM are not customer-replaceable units.

The system clock on the ZSM provides system time-of-day.

#### **Ethernet Network Module**

The Ethernet Network Module (ENM) provides an interface between the external network and the internal I/O fabric. ENMs have either optical or copper ports that provide up to 10 Gbps of aggregate network I/O bandwidth. Up to three ENMs can be installed in the Zen4 chassis, for a total network bandwidth of 30 Gbps.

Three versions of the ENM are available:

- The model ENM-1011 has ten 1-Gigabit copper (RJ-45) ports.
- The model ENM-1012 has ten 1-Gigabit small form-factor pluggable ports (SFPs).

- The model ENM-1103 has one 10-Gigabit optical port implemented as an installed XENPAK optical transceiver.
- The model ENM-2411 has 24 1-Gigabit copper (RJ-45) ports.

Any ENM type can be installed in one of the Zen4 chassis slots 5, 6, or 7. The Zen4 system detects the installed module.

#### **Fibre Channel Modules**

Fibre Channel Modules (FCMs) interface to storage arrays and other storage devices, either directly or indirectly through Fibre Channel switches in storage area networks (SANs). Up to two FCMs can be installed in chassis slots 5, 6, or 7.

#### **Application Service Modules**

Application Service Modules (ASMs) provide hardware acceleration facilities for specialized functions such as load balancing, Secure Socket Layer (SSL), and XML processing. ASMs are installed in Zen4 chassis slots 8, 9, or 10.

#### Hot-Plug and Controlled Hot Removal Capability

All the modules used in the Zen4 system have circuitry to allow removal and insertion of a module without interrupting system power. This is accomplished by controlling the inrush current and power sequencing on the boards.

#### **High Availability**

The Zen4 system is designed with redundant subsystems to ensure high availability of resources. Four power modules that can be connected to two independent power feeds share the power load during normal operation. If one power feed fails, the remaining two power modules can provide sufficient power for the system. Two fan trays, each with six fans, provide cooling for the chassis. If one tray (or part of a tray) fails, the ZSM increases the speed of the remaining fans to maintain cooling until the faulty fan tray can be replaced. Multiple interfaces are available on the PMM-0410s and ENMs to provide redundancy for storage and network access.

## Virtual I/O Controller (VIOC) and Virtualization Capabilities

This would be where introductory content is placed to introduce the reader to their next topic.

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Here would be where a section element is placed for the below information.

Each PMM is assigned a virtual I/O interface with appropriate properties that depend on whether it is used for network, storage or services. A virtual I/O interface is called a virtual NIC (VNIC) when it is used for network data, or a VNIC used as iSCSI initiator when it is used for storage data. A virtual I/O storage interface is called a virtual service interface (VSI) when it is used in an ASM.

Each PMM-0410 has two VIOCs, and each PMM-0200 has one VIOC. In addition, each ASM and FCM has one VIOC. The VIOC implements the virtual NICs (VNICs) and iSCSI initiators that allow a server to communicate across the fabric with other servers within a complex, or with any server outside a complex. Through the VIOC, the management subsystem creates and manipulates these virtual interfaces. Virtual I/O interfaces support three types of traffic: network, storage, and application services.

Each VIOC supports up to 16 virtual interfaces; you provision the number of interfaces you need.

shows a logical view of the system as it will be seen by the system administrator or network administrator. VNICs are at the left side of the diagram. In the center is the Zen4 system, represented as a single large device, and at the right are the physical media ports that connect to the external network. Layered behind the picture are boxes representing the hardware components that implement the various logical functions. The VNICs and a portion of the switch/router are shown as being implemented on one or more PMMs. The physical media ports and a portion of the switch are shown as being resident on one or more ENMs. The implementation of the rest of the switch is distributed across the fabric, route processor, VIOC, and ENMs. The Zen4 server is a multilevel server/switch capable of operating in Layer-2-only mode.

Figure 1-1Logical System View

#### Virtual Network Interface Controllers

Virtual network interface controllers (VNICs) represent end-points on the Layer 2 network and therefore are always assigned a Layer 2 MAC address. A user operating system (UOS) connects to the switching and routing fabric within the Zen4 system through the VNICs. The VNIC communicates with the address space of the operating system instance to which it has been assigned, or by which it is owned. Each VNIC on a given VIOC could be owned by a different UOS instance, or several of them could be owned by the same UOS instance.

Each VNIC can be logically connected to a logical Layer-2-only port on the switch/router, as shown in .

The total bandwidth available through one VIOC is 10 Gbps, allocated to the VNICs managed by the VIOC. The bandwidth allocation is managed by VNIC rate-limiting that is implemented using a token bucket scheme. For information about configuring the VNIC bandwidth allocation, see .

#### **Virtual Storage Interfaces**

The initial virtual storage interface implementation (Zen4 Release 1.1) is as an iSCSI initiator. The iSCSI initiator interfaces to a virtual iSCSI target (typically on a storage VLAN) on the Fibre Channel Module (FCM). The iSCSI target connects to a Fibre Channel port on the FCM. The FCM Fibre Channel port is, in turn, cabled to a Fibre Channel switch or storage array.

The FCM serves as a gateway between the virtual iSCSI target and the Fibre Channel port on the FCM.

Each virtual storage interface has a nexus—a storage connection on a server, specifying the end-to-end path to the storage device. The nexus includes the virtual initiator, a virtual target interface, the world wide port name (WWPN), and the logical unit number (LUN) corresponding to the target. The nexus facility provides LUN masking and access control.

illustrates the relationship between iSCSI initiators and targets, VLANs, and storage targets.

Figure 1-2.Virtual I/O Interfaces, VLANs, and Nexuses

### **Partitioning and Virtualizing Resources**

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Here would be where a section element is placed for the below information.

Tech Company systems leverage the technology of virtualizable resources, to allow you to flexibly partition the system to match data center needs. Network interfaces, application processors, and the fabric itself can be partitioned to match the resource requirements of an application. For example, a traditional multi-tiered web-based application, as it might be deployed with traditional fixed-size boxes, requires a collection of various sized servers, routers, and appliances. As the workload expands, additional devices of the appropriate type are brought in, cabled appropriately, and deployed. As the workload shrinks, severs and routers could be uncabled and moved to a new location to be reused.

The same application can be mapped to a Zen4 system as shown in . Here the node is logically partitioned to provide the computing, network, and fabric resources demanded by the application. As the workload expands, additional partitions can be created and logically added to the application without physically moving boxes or plugging cables. As the workload shrinks, resources can be removed to be logically redeployed elsewhere, again without physically touching the boxes or the network.

#### Figure 1-1Zen4 System Deployment in an Enterprise Data Center

If an application expands beyond the size of a single node, additional nodes can be added to the system. The system is still managed as a single entity, and resources from multiple nodes can be combined for a given distributed application.

shows a possible functional organization of one of the Zen4 chassis in the deployment shown in .

#### Figure 1-2 Possible Functional Organization of a Single Zen4 System

(continued from Partitioning and Virtualizing Resources)

## Data Flow in the Zen4 System

This section outlines the communication paths between different modules in the Zen4 chassis. The modules send and receive data traffic over these paths connected through the switch fabric. Control traffic goes over a separate management network in the system.

The following communication paths are shown in:

- 1 PMM to/from PMM.
- PMM to/from PMM (through switch fabric, IPC traffic using F7 Messaging Pro-
- tocol).
- 3 Ethernet to/from Ethernet. (System acts like a bridge/router for this transit traffic.)
- 4 Ethernet to/from PMM (TCP traffic and F7MP).
- 5 Ethernet to/from Route Processor (through switch fabric).
- 6 PMM to/from local Fibre Channel ports.
- 7 PMM to/from route processor.
- 8 PMM to/from Fibre Channel Module

Figure 1-1Data Flow in the Zen4 Server

# Appendix A: Product Support

This appendix provides information about product warranties, customer service, returning components, and ordering replacement or spare components.

**Note:** For additional product support information that is not covered in this appendix, visit the Tech Company Customer Support web site or call one of the customer service phone numbers listed in .

# Warranty

Products are covered by a comprehensive warranty. For detailed information about the standard warranty, contact the Tech Company Sales or Customer Support Team.

# **Verifying Warranty Status**

To verify warranty status, contact Tech Company Customer Warranty Service on the label on the back of the Zen4 chassis.

#### Service Features and Levels

The goal of the Tech Company Customer Support organization is to consistently deliver the quality of service you require in a mission-critical, data center environment. Tech Company is committed to providing around-the-clock customer service, either directly or through our service partners who have been factory-trained and certified by Tech Company Systems.

You can log calls at any time by telephone or email, or through a web interface to our support system. All calls are actively managed to conclusion by a Tech Company Support Engineer. (A service partner may provide the on-site repair services.) Status tracking is available via the web interface to our support system.

#### Scalable Service Levels

Tech Company provides multiple scalable service levels to suit individual customer needs. Some of the service levels include access to an assigned Tech Company Customer Support account engineer. This engineer can help you with installation and upgrade planning and provide progress reviews. An assigned account engineer is the primary point of contact for handling service calls.

Customers with the appropriate service contract may designate one of the following priority levels for service calls:

- Priority 1, highest severity; work starts immediately to resolve the problem.
- Priority 2, medium severity; work starts within 1 hour to resolve the problem.
- Priority 3, lowest severity; work starts within 4 hours to resolve the problem.

# **Contact Customer Support**

For additional information about customer service, visit the Tech Company web site at: http://www.TechCompany.com/support

To contact Customer Support, use the phone number(s) or email address (es) in the table below.

#### Figure 1-1.Contacting Tech Company Customer Support

USA

24-hour 1-800-968-

hotline 1-800-986- Email: support@Tech Company.com

### Return Materials Authorization (RMA) Procedure

## Warranty and Service Agreement

Tech Company systems are covered by a 1-year comprehensive on-site warranty covering parts and labor. Following the warranty period, systems will normally be maintained by Tech Company under the terms of a service agreement covering parts and labor. For customers who wish to maintain their own systems and obtain replacement parts from Tech Company, we offer a parts replacement service which includes this RMA procedure.

Tech Company will, at its option, repair or replace any product or component that fails during the term of the parts replacement service agreement at no cost to you, provided that you contact the Tech Company Support Center to report the failure and that you comply with the Tech Company return policies.

Follow the steps below to request a replacement component for a defective item.

### Steps to Return a Component:

- 1. Contact the Tech Company Customer Support Center Hotline to request a replacement component. Be prepared to provide the following information:
  - Chassis serial number
  - Serial number of item to be returned
  - Model number of item to be returned
  - Description of problem
  - Return address and phone number

Tech Company will issue an RMA number and ship a replacement component. A replacement product or component will be shipped to you on the first contracted day following confirmation of the failure.

- 2. After the replacement item has been unpacked and installed, use the same packaging materials to pack the defective item for return to Tech Company.
- 3. Make sure that the RMA number is clearly marked on the packaging exterior.

When you receive the replacement, you must return the failed product or component to Tech Company under the RMA number issued by Tech Company. Only packages with RMA numbers written on the outside of the shipping carton and/or the packing slips and shipping paperwork will be accepted by the Tech Company receiving department. All other packages will be rejected.

# 4. Ship the product back to Tech Company using the carrier designated by Tech Company.

Products returned to Tech Company must be pre-authorized by Tech Company with an RMA number marked on the outside of the package, and sent prepaid, insured, and packaged appropriately for safe shipment using the packaging that the replacement was sent in.

#### Conditions and Results of Return

Title to any returned products or components will transfer to Tech Company upon receipt. Tech Company will be responsible for all freight charges for returned products or components as long as you use the carrier designated by Tech Company. Tech Company may invoice for any failed products or components under the following two conditions:

- You have caused further damage to the product or component.
- The product or component is not returned within 10 days of receipt of the replacement.

# **Ordering Replacement Parts or Spares**

To order replacement parts or spares, visit the Tech Company Customer Support web site or contact your Tech Company account representative.

# Glossary

A
ASM
Application Service Modules
E
ENM
Ethernet Network Modules
F
FCM
Fibre Channel Modules
P
PMM
Processor and Memory Modules
z
ZSM
Q-Series System Modules

# Index

A application processors 10 ASM 16 В battery 12 C capacitor 12 chassis 7, 10-11, 14-15, 19, 21 CLI 12 cloud platforms 5 contact information 25 customer service 24-26 customer support 22-23, 28 D data center 4 data processing 4 Ε ENM 14-15, 17 ethernet 8, 13-15 Ethernet 21

F7MP 21

fabric computing 6

failure 15

fan tray 16

FCM 8, 12, 14, 16, 18

Fibre Channel Module 16

Fibre Channel Modules 14

Fibre Channel ports 21

Н

hardware management subsystem 4, 11

hot-plug 16

Ι

I/O 6-8, 10, 12, 17

installation 13

iSCSI 8, 17-18

N

network 7-8, 19

P

partitioning 6-7, 11, 19

physical partitioning 11

PMM 10-12, 14, 17, 21

power 16

Processor and Memory Module 14

processors

application 10

product support 22, 25

R

RAS 10

replacement 26, 28

return policy 26-27

RMA 26

Route Processor 21

S

security model 10

server 7-8, 10

server load balancing 6

servers 5

service levels 24

SMP 6, 10, 15

spares 28

SSL 6

storage 7, 12, 15, 18

T

TCP 21

time 12, 15

V

VIO 17

VIOC 17

VLAN 6,8

VNIC 8, 17-18

VNICs 18

VSI 8, 17

W

warranty 22-23, 26

Z

Z-Visor 12

Zen4 server 4

Zen4 Server 5

Zen4 system 6, 15

Zen4 System 10

ZSM 10-11, 14-15